

Claims

[c1] What is claimed is:

1. A method of restoring color of an image, the method comprising:
 - (a) reading an original image;
 - (b) performing a white point balancing process on each color channel of the original image;
 - (c) segmenting the white point balanced image into a plurality of sub-images;
 - (d) sampling each sub-image to obtain color channel data for each sub-image;
 - (e) selecting sub-images with a higher standard deviation of color channel data;
 - (f) analyzing the selected sub-images to calculate a composite color channel mean for each color channel of the white point balanced image;
 - (g) selecting a first color channel with a highest composite color channel mean, a second color channel with an intermediate composite color channel mean, and a third color channel with a lowest composite color channel mean;
 - (h) applying a power function on the first and third color channels of all sub-images of the white point balanced

image to approximately equalize the color channel means of the first, second, and third color channels; and (i)outputting a restored image.

- [c2] 2.The method of claim 1 wherein step (a) further comprises:
 - (a1)calculating dimensions of the original image; and
 - (a2)reading an interior section of the original image to ignore an outside border of the original image.
- [c3] 3.The method of claim 1 wherein step (b) further comprises:
 - (b1)generating a histogram for each color channel of the original image;
 - (b2)calculating a lower bound and an upper bound based on the histogram corresponding to each color channel of the original image; and
 - (b3)performing a linear interpolation function to shift a color channel value of each pixel of the original image to be within an interval defined by the lower and upper bounds for each color channel.
- [c4] 4.The method of claim 1 wherein step (c) comprises segmenting the white point balanced image into a plurality of sub-images I_{ij} .
- [c5] 5.The method of claim 4 wherein step (e) comprises

(e1) calculating a standard deviation S_{ij} of each sub-image

I_{ij} ;

(e2) sorting the standard deviation values S_{ij} into a decreasing sequence S_k

[c6] to form a set

$$T = \{(i, j, k) \mid S_{k+1} \leq S_k, S_k = S_y \text{ for all } i, j\}$$

; and

[c7] (e3) selecting a subset of sub-images ROI, wherein set $\rho = [c \cdot 3(T)]$, c is a fixed value such that $0 < c < 1$, and

$$ROI = \{I_y \mid (i, j, k) \text{ in } T, S_k > \rho\}$$

- [c8] 6. The method of claim 5 wherein step (e1) further comprises computing a histogram H_{ij} of each sub-image I_{ij} and using the histogram H_{ij} to calculate the standard deviation S_{ij} of each sub-image I_{ij} .
- [c9] 7. The method of claim 5 wherein step (f) further comprises computing a mean of

$(I_y \mid I_y \text{ in } ROT)$

for each color channel.

[c10]

[c11] 8. The method of claim 1 wherein in step (h), the power function applied to the first and third color channels is of form $f(x)=x^{1/g}$, wherein x represents color channel data and g is a constant which needs to be determined.

[c12] 9. The method of claim 1 wherein the color channels correspond to red, green, and blue colors.